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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/781,703	02/12/2001	Shizuo Hattori	209259	1447
23460 7	7590 09/23/2003			
LEYDIG VOIT & MAYER, LTD			EXAMINER	
TWO PRUDENTIAL PLAZA, SUITE 4900 180 NORTH STETSON AVENUE			MARX, IRENE	
CHICAGO, IL	, 60601-6780		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1651	
			DATE MAILED: 09/23/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/781,703	HATTORI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Irene Marx	1651	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	•
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a within the statutory minimum of thin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  ITHS from the mailing date of this communicat  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.
Status  1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22.4	Luguet 2002		
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>22 A</u></li> <li>2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b>.</li> <li>2b) This</li> </ul>	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		ttore prospecution as to the morit	e ie
closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims			<b>3 15</b>
4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	ted or b)□ objected to by t	he Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)∭ approved b)∭ o	lisapproved by the Examiner.	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•		
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ol>	s have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in A	pplication No	
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application.</li> </ul>	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional applica	ition).
a) The translation of the foreign language pro			
Attachment(s)			
1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	.•

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The amendment filed 8/22/03 is acknowledged.

Claims 1-12 are being considered on the merits.

## Rejections under 35 U.S.C § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 8 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The rejection is stated in the last Office action.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

The arguments by counsel that the strain is available from NCIMB have not been substantiated with appropriate evidence. It is well settled that arguments by counsel do not constitute evidence. Copies of appropriate catalogue pages, for example, would overcome the rejection.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sode *et al.* taken with Adachi *et al.* for the reasons of record and the further reasons below.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments and declarations have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

Applicants argue that the present enzyme has a considerably larger specific activity than the Adachi enzyme as shown in Example 4 of the reference. Applicants also argue that the reference enzyme is different in that it requires calcium for stability.

In response it is noted that the present claims do not exclude the use of calcium. Moreover, calcium is used in salts and in buffers in the present invention.

Moreover, the source of the touted enzyme is not claim designated, except in dependent claims. There is no clear correlation between the compositions touted on page 2 of the Takeshima and the invention as claimed. The amount of additive is not set forth in the claim designated invention, and the declaration demonstrates that at least two components are required to provide for an enzyme activity of up to 950 kU/g of enzyme content. Also, the similarity in sequences of various PQQ dependent glucose dehydrogenase is argued broadly, yet the evidence provided pertains to enzymes from two strains of the same species *A. calcoaceticus*. Therefore, these arguments pertain only to claims 7, 8, 11, and 12.

The scope of the showing must be commensurate with the scope of claims to consider evidence probative of unexpected results, for example. <u>In re Dill</u>, 202 USPQ 805 (CCPA, 1979), <u>In re Lindner</u> 173 USPQ 356 (CCPA 1972), <u>In re Hyson</u>, 172 USPQ 399 (CCPA 1972), <u>In re Boesch</u>, 205 USPQ 215, (CCPA 1980), <u>In re Grasselli</u>, 218 USPQ 769 (Fed. Cir. 1983), <u>In re Clemens</u>, 206 USPQ 289 (CCPA 1980). It should be clear that the probative value of the data is not commensurate in scope with the degree of protection sought by the claim.

As to the difference is specific activity, this is a function of the enzyme purity. The advantages of further purifying a partially-purified enzyme, for which substrates have been recognized and for which a use is known, provide sufficient reason to find the purified enzyme to have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention. Some of the advantages of the purification being, that purified enzymes: are more storage-stable; generally exhibit an increased specific activity; are amenable to amino acid sequencing which can lead to

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recombinant means of enzyme production with its accompanying savings in costs; and, allow for ready separation of reaction products as compared to separations which must account for impurities. These advantages are well known to the artisan of ordinary skill. Such knowledge may provide the suggestion to modify the explicit teachings of the relied upon reference or to combine references. See Ashland Oil, Inc. v. Delta Resins & Refractories, Inc., 776 F.2d 281, 297 n.24, 227 USPQ 657, 667 n..24 (Fed. Cir. 1985).

Therefore the rejection is deemed proper and it is adhered to.

No claim is allowed.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Irene Marx whose telephone number is (703) 308-2922. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30 AM to 3:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn, can be reached on (703) 308-4743. The appropriate fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is before final (703) 872-9306 and after final, (703) 872-9307.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to Customer Service whose telephone number is (703) 308-0198 or the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Irene Marx Primary Examiner Art Unit 1651